

4.3 Graphing Proportional Relationships

Minutes, x	1	2	3	4	6
Gallons, y	8.5	17	25.5	34	51

When 2 ratios are equivalent, we say they are in a proportional relationship.

ex: $\frac{8.5}{1} = \frac{17}{2}$ $\frac{25.5}{3} = \frac{34}{4}$

recall from last year $\frac{y}{x} = k$ (constant of proportionality)

We can also think of k as the Slope (m) and rewrite the equation as $y = mx$

w/ a partner, complete RPI p. 79-81

* recall also from last year, all proportional relationships are graphs that are straight lines that go through the origin.

Go back to RPI p. 79 ~

* write an equation to represent: $y = mx$

a) $y = 10x$ or $d = 10h$

d) $y = 6x$ or $C = 6p$

f) $y = 2x$ or $F = 2s$

4.3

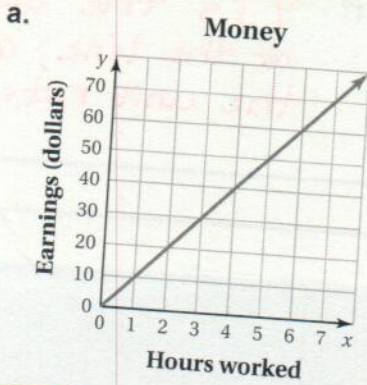
Graphing Proportional Relationships

For use with Activity 4.3

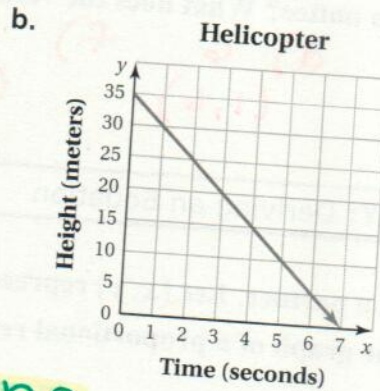
Essential Question How can you describe the graph of the equation $y = mx$?

1 ACTIVITY: Identifying Proportional Relationships

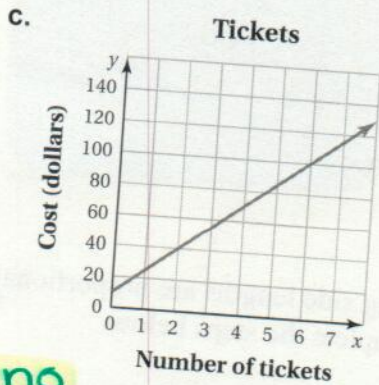
Work with a partner. Tell whether x and y are in a proportional relationship. Explain your reasoning. *write yes or no*



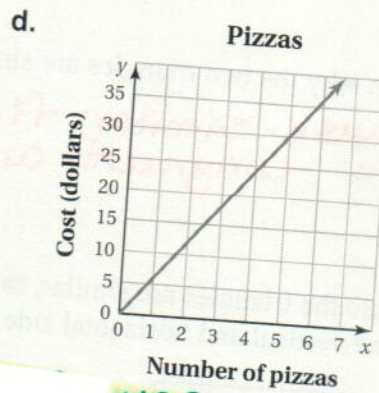
yes



no



no



yes

e.

Laps, x	1	2	3	4
Time (seconds), y	90	200	325	480

no

f.

Cups of Sugar, x	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	2
Cups of Flour, y	1	2	3	4

yes

4.3 Graphing Proportional Relationships (continued)

2 ACTIVITY: Analyzing Proportional Relationships

Work with a partner. Use only the proportional relationships in Activity 1 to do the following.

- Find the slope of the line.
- Find the value of y for the ordered pair $(1, y)$.

What do you notice? What does the value of y represent?

a) 10 d) 6 f) 2
 (1, 10) (1, 6) (1, 2)

y is the slope of the line; also the unit rate

3 ACTIVITY: Deriving an Equation

Work with a partner. Let (x, y) represent any point on the graph of a proportional relationship.

- a. Explain why the two triangles are similar.

Because similar figures have congruent angles

*Skip Activity 3
 b/c we did not do Ch 3 yet*

- b. Because the triangles are similar, the corresponding side lengths are proportional. Use the vertical and horizontal side lengths to complete the steps below.

$$\frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} = \frac{m}{1}$$

Ratios of side lengths

$$\frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} = m$$

Simplify.

$$\boxed{} = m \cdot \boxed{}$$

Multiplication Property of Equality

What does the final equation represent?

4.3 Graphing Proportional Relationships (continued)

- c. Use your result in part (b) to write an equation that represents each proportional relationship in Activity 1.

What Is Your Answer?

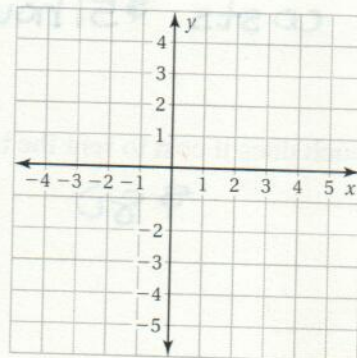
4. **IN YOUR OWN WORDS** How can you describe the graph of the equation $y = mx$? How does the value of m affect the graph of the equation?

a line w/ slope m that passes through the origin

m is the steepness of the line; a greater slope, a steeper line and vice-versa

5. Give a real-life example of two quantities that are in a proportional relationship. Write an equation that represents the relationship and sketch its graph.

- cost of gas/gallon
- earnings per hour
- distance ran/min
- # of correct answers to percentage on a test



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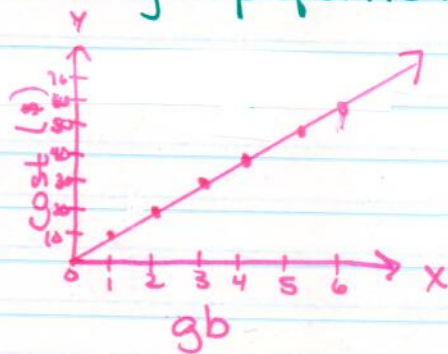
Direct Variation: when two quantities x and y are proportional, the relationship can be represented by the direct variation equation $y = mx$, where m is the constant of proportionality / slope / unit rate.

The graph is a straight line that passes through the origin.

(direct variation is the same thing as proportional)

* see p. 160 example 1
 $y = 10x$

cost is \$10/gb



* see p. 160 example 2

a) 15 $y =$ weight on Titan
105 $x =$ weight on Earth

$$y = mx$$
$$15 = m \cdot 105$$

$$y = \frac{1}{7}x$$

equation

$$\frac{1}{7} = m \quad \leftarrow \frac{15}{105} = m$$

b) $T = \frac{1}{7}E$ or $y = \frac{1}{7}x$

$$3.5 = \frac{1}{7}E$$

$$3.5(7) = 24.5 = x$$

The chunk of ice on Earth would weigh 24.5